

**CAMPAIGNS—REPORTS AND DISCLOSURES—
VIOLATIONS—PENALTY****CHAPTER 739**

H. B. No. 1488

An Act relating to the penalty for violating campaign reporting and disclosure laws by a candidate.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. Section 244, Texas Election Code, as amended (Article 14.08, Vernon's Texas Election Code), is repealed ²⁶.

Sec. 2. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

Passed by the House on May 15, 1981, by a non-record vote; passed by the Senate on May 30, 1981: Yeas 31, Nays 0.

Approved June 16, 1981.

Effective Aug. 31, 1981, 90 days after date of adjournment.

**SUITS AFFECTING PARENT-CHILD RELATIONSHIP—
TERMINATION—INDIGENTS—ATTORNEY'S FEES****CHAPTER 740**

H. B. No. 1517

An Act relating to the payment of attorney's fees in certain suits affecting the parent-child relationship.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. Section 11.10(e), Family Code, as amended, is amended ²⁷ to read as follows:

(e) An attorney appointed to represent a child as authorized by this section is entitled to a reasonable fee in the amount set by the court which is to be paid by the parents of the child unless the parents are indigent. If indigency is shown, an attorney appointed to represent a child in a suit to terminate the parent-child relationship shall be paid from the general funds of the county where the suit is heard in the same manner and according to the same fee schedule as applies to an attorney appointed to represent a child in a suit under Title 3 of this code and as provided by Section 51.10(i) of this code.

26. V.A.T.S. Election Code, art. 14.08, repealed. 27. V.T.C.A. Family Code, § 11.10(e).

Sec. 2. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

Passed by the House on May 1, 1981: Yeas 140, Nays 2, 1 present, not voting; passed by the Senate on May 31, 1981: Yeas 30, Nays 0.

Approved June 16, 1981.

Effective June 16, 1981.

TEXAS LITTER ABATEMENT ACT

CHAPTER 741

H. B. No. 1629

An Act relating to the revision of litter laws, the regulation of litter; providing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. The Texas Litter Abatement Act is enacted²⁸ to read as follows:

ARTICLE I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Short title

Sec. 1.01. This Act may be cited as the Texas Litter Abatement Act.

Construction of Act

Sec. 1.02. The Code Construction Act (Article 5429b—2, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes) applies to the construction of each provision of this Act except as otherwise expressly provided by this Act.

ARTICLE II. CERTAIN ACTIONS PROHIBITED OR RESTRICTED

Disposing of solid waste restricted

Sec. 2.01. (a) A person commits an offense if that person disposes of trash, junk, garbage, refuse, unsightly matter, or other solid waste on a public highway, right-of-way, other public or private property, or into inland or coastal waters of Texas without written consent of the owner, the owner's agent, or the public official in charge of the property or water.

(b) A person who commits an offense under this section is, on conviction, subject to a fine of not less than \$15 nor more than \$200.

²⁸. Vernon's Ann.Civ.St. art. 4477—9a.